### §80.211

when any refiner or importer of S-RGAS transfers custody or title to such gasoline, the refiner or importer shall provide to the transferee documents that include the following information:

(i) Identification of the gasoline as being S-RGAS; and

(ii) The downstream standard applicable to the batch of gasoline under paragraph (f) of this section.

- (2) Where gasoline in whole or part is classified as S-RGAS when received by the transferor, and where the gasoline transferred meets the conditions under paragraph (d) of this section, the transferor shall provide to the transferee, on each occasion when custody or title to gasoline is transferred, documents that include the following information:
- (i) Identification of the gasoline as S-RGAS: and
- (ii) The applicable downstream standard under paragraph (c) of this section. This does not apply when gasoline is sold or dispensed for use in motor vehicles at a retail outlet or wholesale purchaser-consumer facility.
- (3) No person shall classify gasoline as being S-RGAS except as provided in paragraphs (e)(1) and (e)(2) of this section.
- (4) Product codes may be used to convey the information required by paragraphs (e)(1) and (e)(2) of this section if such codes are clearly understood by each transferee.
- (f) Downstream standards applicable to S-RGAS when produced or imported. (1) The downstream standard applicable to any gasoline classified as S-RGAS when produced or imported shall be calculated using the following equation:

 $D=S+105\times((S+2)/10^4)^{0.4}$ 

Where:

D=Downstream sulfur standard.

S=The sulfur content of the refiner's batch determined under §80.330.

(2) Where more than one S-RGAS batch is combined, prior to shipment, at the refinery or import facility where the S-RGAS is produced or imported, the downstream standard applicable to the mixture shall be the highest downstream standard, calculated under paragraph (f)(1) of this section, for any S-RGAS contained in the mixture.

### §80.211 [Reserved]

## §80.212 What requirements apply to oxygenate blenders?

Effective January 1, 2004, oxygenate blenders who blend oxygenate into gasoline downstream of the refinery that produced the gasoline or the import facility where the gasoline was imported, are not subject to the requirements of this subpart applicable to refiners for this gasoline, but are subject to the requirements and prohibitions applicable to downstream parties and the prohibition specified in §80.385(e).

#### §§ 80.213-80.214 [Reserved]

GEOGRAPHIC PHASE-IN PROGRAM

# §80.215 What is the scope of the geographic phase-in program?

- (a) Geographic phase-in area. (1) The following states comprise the geographic phase-in area (GPA) subject to the provisions of the geographic phase-in program: North Dakota, Montana, Idaho, Wyoming, Utah, Colorado, New Mexico, and Alaska.
- (2) Additional counties or tribal lands in states adjacent to the states identified in paragraph (a) of this section will be included in the GPA if any of the following criteria is met:
- (i) Approximately 50% or more of the total volume of gasoline in the county or tribal land in 1999, as measured at the terminal(s) and bulk station(s) in the county or tribal land, was received from a refinery or refineries located in the area specified in paragraph (a)(1) of this section; or
- (ii) Approximately 50% or more of the total volume of gasoline dispensed in the county or tribal land in 1999 was received from a refinery or refineries located in the area specified in paragraph (a)(1) of this section; or

(iii) Approximately 50% or more of the total commercial and private dispensing outlets in the county or tribal land in 1999 were supplied by gasoline produced by a refinery or refineries located in the area specified in paragraph (a)(1) of this section.

(3) The criteria of paragraphs (a)(2)(i), (ii) and (iii) of this section are without regard to the method of gasoline delivery (e.g, pipeline, truck, rail or barge). The criteria of paragraphs